

JOB PRINTING.

Book, and every description of Commercial and
Law Printing, in the best manner at Gazette Job
Rooms.

THE END.

Congress adjourned *sine die* this morning at five o'clock. The proceedings during the night were out of all character and would disgrace a board of aldermen. The appropriations made by Congress for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1879, will foot up about 170 millions of dollars.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN LABOR.

There is no country in the world in which the workingman is better paid for his labor than in the United States. Demagogues may talk about the oppressed laborer in America, and Tilden may continue his favorite cry about the wolf being at the door of hundreds of thousands of workmen, yet the fact remains that in the United States mechanics, farm hands, and day laborers, receive greater remuneration than they do in England and twice as much as they do in France, Germany or Scotland. To make this fact of special force, it must be borne in mind that the necessary cost of living is very little more in this country than in Europe. Mechanics and laborers here do not expend more for the support of themselves and families than the mechanics and laborers of Europe. They enjoy more social advantages; they eat a greater variety of food; they dress more expensively; they live in better houses, and in fact do more living in one year than the mechanics and laborers in Europe do in two. If our working men were to adopt the same system of living that the working men of Europe adopt, if they practiced the same rigid economy in all things, their net earnings would be almost treble the net earnings of the laborers in Europe. But the workingmen of the United States, or at least those of the west, are unwilling to enforce a system of economy so rigid as that closely followed by a majority of workingmen in England, France or Scotland. The habits of Americans are more expensive than those of their European brothers—they live faster, see more, hear more, read more newspapers, have a good time, and pay for it. In 1872 the average weekly expenses of a mechanic in Manchester, England, including his wife and five children, were \$6.88, and this included house rent and clothing, while the average weekly earnings of the families were but \$7.96.

To ascertain the condition of labor in Europe, the American Consuls at Nice, France, and Dundee, Scotland, have made reports to the Department of State, giving the rate of wages paid in these cities, and also stating the cost of living. The facts as reported by the Consuls, cannot fail to be of special interest. Agricultural laborers, who work by the day, receive from 47 to 57 cents. Carpenters and blacksmiths earn from 88 to 98 cents. Some tailors receive as high as \$1.50, and shoemakers and masons earn from 80 cents to \$1. The cost of living to an ordinary laborer is from 30 to 38 cents, his food being principally Indian meal, bread and vegetables. They seldom eat meat, and have to pay eight cents a pound for meat. In Scotland, the Consul gives a full schedule of wages and prices for food for the last five years. Brick-layers receive 20 cents per hour, and carpenters 15 cents, and working 51 hours a week. The weekly pay ranges from \$6, to \$12.24. Engine and machine artisans get from \$4 to \$8 per week, and manufacturing tradesmen from \$3.50 to \$5.50. Women who work in shops and factories, receive from \$2 to \$3.35 for a week's work of 51 hours. Railway engineers, and passenger and freight hands get from \$8.50 to \$10 per week, while in Wisconsin the engineers received \$3.50 per day, and some as high as \$4. The Consul says the principal industry of Dundee is the manufacture of jute, for which the men are paid from \$1.50 to \$1.75 per week. The cost of living is high compared with the wages received. Bread costs 15 cents for a four-pound loaf. Flour and oat meal are worth 4 cents per pound. Milk 8 cents a quart. Potatoes average about 75 cents a bushel, and meat ranges from 16 to 24 cents a pound, and eggs bring 30 cents a dozen. A suit of Scotch tweed costs \$17, which is full as much as in this country. House rent averages about \$24 a room per year, the houses being small and built after the cottage fashion.

In turning our attention to the ways of this country, we find a different state of things. In 1860, engineers received 2 1/2 cents per day, but in 1877, the average price paid was \$3.60. Conductors received \$6.00 in 1860, and \$9.00 in 1877. Brakemen got \$1 a day in 1860, and in 1877 they received \$1.80. In New Orleans the weekly pay of the hands in the machine shops averaged \$15, molders receiving \$18, and blacksmiths \$21. In New England in the hardware and wooden factories, machinists received \$15, in 1877, and packers \$7.

A close investigation will reveal the fact that common labor is the only kind which is down to the basis of 1860, when times were not considered "hard." Mechanics receive more than they did then, and the cost of living is no greater, but the common laborer receives about the same as in 1860, the price ranging from 75 cents to \$1.12 1/2.

We publish to-day a special dispatch from Madison, regarding an expected outbreak by the Chippewa Indians in Burnett County. The threatening attitude of the Indians alarmed the settlers and they have appealed to Governor Smith for aid and protection. It is said that the Indians have forsaken their usual avocation of hunting, fishing, and working, and are roaming over the country in large numbers. Runners are constantly arriving and departing for the Sioux tribes, and people are fearful for the lives of themselves and children, and urgently call on the Governor to remove by force all Indians to their reservations, and compel

them to remain there. Governor Smith has forwarded a communication to General Sheridan, with a request that proper means be employed for the protection of the people.

A scene in the House: Mr. Pound, of Wisconsin, rises to a question of privilege. Eden, of Illinois, charged him with being hired by the Northern Pacific road, when the former moved to pass the bill extending the time for its completion.

The House raised the point that there was no question of privilege involved, and the Speaker was asked sustaining the point, when Mr. Eden claimed the right to be heard and said Mr. Pound had no right to misrepresent him if he (Pound) was hired in the employ of railroad corporations.

[Calls of "Order!" Great confusion and a fight seems imminent.]
Pound raises his majestic form and with a loud voice exclaims: "I demand that the gentleman's remarks be taken down, charging me with being in the employ of railroad corporations."

Remarks were written out and read.
Pound—"I move the gentleman, unless he apologizes or retracts, be censured."

Eden didn't like the looks of things, and amid confusion worst confounded, made out to say, "The only thing I meant by the remark was that the gentleman from Wisconsin appeared as an active partisan of railroad corporations, legislating in their interests; not that he was the employed attorney of railroad corporations."

The speaker enquired if Mr. Pound was satisfied.
Mr. Pound—"I am not." [Laughter.] Here the curtain fell.

The second session of the Forty-fifth Congress will go down to history as the most notorious and the most disgraceful ever known. It has done more to disturb the business of the country during the past eight months than any other cause. It has been revolutionary in spirit, extravagant in appropriating money, and has shown a total disregard for all law and order. It failed to do the legislation which the country needed, and the very important measures—the appropriation bills—were left till the last minute, whereas they should have been carefully and wisely acted upon weeks ago. As it was, all these bills appropriating millions of dollars, were brought up at the very last hours of the session when everything was in confusion, and were rushed through without regard to decency or justice. Let the country rejoice that the infamous second session of the Fifty-fifth Congress is no more.

It is quite likely that Connelly and Sherry will be hanged in Chicago on Friday. A desperate attempt has been made by the attorney of the condemned prisoners, for a new trial. The application being refused by the Supreme Court, an effort is now being made to induce Governor Cullom to grant a reprieve. It is thought that all attempts to save the wretches from the gallows will fail. A more cold-blooded murder was never committed than that of McConville, by Connelly and Sherry.

The Democrats backed down last night on that amendment to the sundry civil service bill to pay rebel mail contracts for services rendered before the war. Hoar's amendment imposing a fine of \$5,000 and imprisonment for five years to receive pay from the Government on these contracts when they had been paid by the Confederate Government, scared the Democrats, and on motion of Hewitt the scheme was abandoned.

Congress is generous with the widows of its deceased members. On Wednesday it adopted a resolution to pay the late Representative Quinn, of New York, the arrears of pay and also the pay he would have been entitled to had he lived, which amounted to about \$4,000.

The Vicksburg Herald Democratic says there is but one party in the State of Mississippi and that is the Democrats; so it, there will be no other. Over 75,000 Republicans in that State are completely disfranchised under the rule of the Democracy.

The Iowa Republicans assembled in Convention at Des Moines yesterday, and nominated a State ticket. The platform is bold and vigorous, and is one of the most aggressive and ringing that has yet been adopted.

The sub-committee's work in Florida proved a good piece of work for the Republicans. They went down there to catch Republicans, but speared a Democrat.

Millions in the Bell Punch.

A recent issue of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat says: We have upward of 4,000 drinking saloons in this city. Allowing the average income daily of each to be \$10—a very low figure—we find the aggregate receipts to be \$40,000 daily. Reckoning the ratio between malt and alcoholic drinks as four to one, we would realize under the Moffet law \$320 daily, or \$1,898,000 annually. Large as this amount is, we do not believe it is more than half what our total receipts would be. Why not try it? The bell-punch is coming, as sure as fate, and we may as well recognize it. Nothing can be said against it. No one need pay his taxes in this way if he doesn't want to. It would be a great benefit to our city if the load of \$2,000,000 a year could be lifted from our overburdened property, and be placed in the consumption of liquor. Revenues would be lower, and the cost of living cheaper in consequence, and then, perhaps, the authorities would feel that they could afford to improve our streets, and settle the blighting dust. We recommend this matter to the attention of our local legislature at its approaching session. Give us the bell punch.

THE NEWS.

Now for a Small War Right Here in Wisconsin.

Anticipated Uprising of the Chippewa Indians in Burnett County.

Governor Smith Calls on General Sheridan for Military Aid.

The People of Burnett County, Fearing a Massacre, Leave Their Homes.

The Strength of the Indians Located in Wisconsin.

Some Disgraceful Scenes in the House of Representatives.

Drunken Members Taken Home by Their Friends.

While Others Try to Put through Jobs to Rob the Treasury.

The White House is the Scene of Another Wedding Festival.

Doings of the Iowa Republican State Convention.

The Defaulting Treasurer of Green Bay Released under the Laws of 1876.

The Graduates at the White-water State Normal School.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous Items.

THE CHIPPEWAS.

Anticipated Uprising of the Chippewa in Western Wisconsin—Appeals of the Citizens for Aid—Gov. Smith Calls on Sheridan.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE JANEVILLE GAZETTE.
MADISON, June 20.—The indications of Indian troubles in Burnett County, this State, telegraphed to the morning papers last night, are further confirmed by the following message just received:

GRANTSBURG, Burnett Co., Wis., June 20.—To His Excellency, Governor W. E. Smith, Madison, Wis.—The people are leaving their homes. Will any troops be sent? Please answer.
(Signed) P. ANDERSON, Sheriff.

That a combination or league, for the purpose of a general war on the whites has been consummated between the Sioux and Chippewa of this State and Minnesota, and with other wild tribes of the Rocky Mountains, there can be no doubt. Gov. Smith is at White-water, but active and prompt measures will be taken to protect our citizens.

In the vicinity of Burnett County there are between four and five thousand Chippewas, and probably fifteen hundred of that number are fighting men, and unless prompt measures are taken, could cause a general massacre of the whites in that sparsely settled section of the State.

By the report of the Secretary of the Interior for 1876-7, there were 9,362 Indians in this State, as follows: Indians not under agencies—Winnebagoes, 823; Potawatomes, 800; Green Bay agency—Menomones, 1,522; Oneidas, 1,387; Stockbridge, 1,321. LaPointe agency—Chippewas, Bad Rivers, 732; Red Cliff, 726; Lac Courte D'Oreille, 1,948; Lac de Flambeau, 665; Fond du Lac, 404; Grand Portage, 262; Bois Fort, 714.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE MILWAUKEE SENTINEL.
MADISON, June 19.—The following letters were received at the Executive office to-day:

GRANTSBURG, Wis., June 17, 1878.—To His Excellency, Governor Smith: The citizens of this county are very much alarmed at the present excited state of the Chippewa Indians belonging to the different reservations located in this State and the eastern part of Minnesota. It is confident I believe by every one here that a treaty and compact has been made and ratified between the Sioux and the bands of Chippewas in this State and Minnesota. We are living on the frontier, trying to build homes for ourselves and families. Our labor adds to the wealth and prosperity of the State and nation, and we want to be secure in our homes and free from alarm. At present many of our people are anxious to leave their all and get to some place of safety. The women and children are so much alarmed that the men are obliged to remain at home and neglect their daily occupation. We therefore earnestly request you to use diligence and the force at your command to remove the Indians to their respective reservations and compel them to remain there. We claim the protection of the State government at this time of trial. If we do not get it, and the present alarm continues to spread as it has for a week past, we will be obliged to leave this part of the State, to protect our wives and little ones.
(Signed) J. GRETTON, County Judge.

AUG. CANOE, County Supervisor.
A. ERICKSON, County Supervisor.
CHAS. STEVENSON, Justice of the Peace.
ANDREW ABLESTROM, County Clerk.
OLIVER OLSON, Postmaster.

JNO. G. FLEMING, County Supt. of Schools.
A. J. WICKLUND, Pastor Methodist Church.
C. ANDERSON, Member of Assembly.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY, THE GOVERNOR OF WISCONSIN.—The Chippewa Indians are creating alarm and destruction, and disturbances in the minds of the people of this county by unusual and excited actions.

They have been constantly engaged in new wild dances since early in the fall of 1877, forsaking their usual avocations of hunting, and fishing, and working, unless compelled to do so by starvation, traveling from place to place in large companies, and acting in such an unusual way that the people are very much alarmed for their safety. It is currently reported, and from all we can learn it is true, that runners are constantly coming and going from the Sioux Indians to the Chippewas.

Having neither means nor authority at my command to disperse the Indians or allay the fears of the people, I call on you in this emergency for assistance.

(Signed) PETER ANDERSON, Sheriff of Burnett County.
These letters come from reliable and responsible men, and there seems to be grounds for apprehension of trouble from the Indians in this State. Governor Smith has transmitted the information contained in the above letters to General Sheridan, with a request that the necessary precautions be taken to protect the lives and property of the citizens of the State.

SCENES IN THE HOUSE.

At the Close of the Session—Drunken Members Taken Home by Their Friends.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The proceedings of the House upon the fishery award were interrupted by a Philadelphia member, Freeman, who evidently had lingered too long at his cups. The Sergeant at Arms was sent to him many times; still he persisted in interrupting the speakers by the most ludicrous remarks. Speaker Randall once left the chair and personally endeavored to induce Freeman to respect the dignity due the House.

1:30 a. m.—The House, having accomplished all its business, adjourned until 3 o'clock to avoid the disorder occasioned by hilarious members, and to prevent the passage of jobs.

Phillips, of Kansas, unsuccessfully attempted to pass the old bill to equalize bounties, which would take \$300,000,000 from the Treasury.

General Garfield attempted to pass the bill to relieve the estate of Chief Justice Chase, known as the Mrs. Sprague bill, but Gabe Bonck, of Wisconsin, in spite of the protests of his Democratic friends, persistently objected.

The interim in the House was occupied by the pages, who organize a glee club. A few drunken members were taken home by their friends. It is fair to state that the drunkenness did not run along the party lines.

Adjournment will probably be extended until 5 a. m. to engross the great bill.

2:30 a. m.—The closing half hour of the session in the House was occupied by a roll-call, upon the resolution of a constitutional amendment which would forbid the payment of all war claims, loyal as well as rebel. This was a Democratic counter-measure to Congress's resolution, passed earlier in the night.

2:45 a. m.—In the House a roll-call was interrupted by a motion to extend the session to 5 o'clock because it would be impossible to engross and compare the bill by 3 o'clock.

3 a. m.—The proposition for a constitutional amendment prohibiting the payment of any war claims, whether to loyal or disloyal persons, was defeated by a large majority.

3:10 a. m.—The House continued to attempt to pass bills, but the disorder became so great that the Sergeant-at-Arms was called upon to preserve order, and he walked up and down the aisles with his mace of office. The speaker reminded members that the Congress of the United States was in session. The members threw paper balls at the Sergeant as soon as his back was turned.

Speaker Randall, in appointing the House part of the Army Committee, left off General Anderson McCook, the only member of the Military Committee who opposed the army reduction and spoke against it.

REPUBLICANISM.

State Conventions of the Iowa Republicans—What They Did.

DES MOINES, Iowa, June 19.—The Republican State Convention met at Moore's Opera house this morning, with a large attendance of delegates and a packed house of spectators.

The Hon. James Harlan, of Henry county, was elected temporary chairman, and made a brief speech on taking the chair. He declared that the principles of the Republican party were to be reiterated until they became household words. His declaration that the convention should declare its approval of the acts of Union soldiers and its disapproval of rebels was greeted with hearty applause.

Mr. Harlan strongly urged the necessity of careful attention, and appealed for unity on essential matters and freedom upon all others.

After the introduction of several resolutions, and the appointment of several committees, the convention adjourned until afternoon.

The convention reassembled at 2 o'clock. Ex-Senator Wright was made permanent President of the convention, and in taking the chair addressed the body in a short speech on national politics.

After the adoption of an excellent platform, the following ticket was nominated:
Captain J. A. T. Hall was nominated for Secretary of State on the first ballot.
B. R. Sherman was renominated for State Auditor, and George W. Bemis for State Treasurer, both by acclamation.

J. K. Powers, of Cass was nominated for Register of the State Land Office on the second ballot.
The following nominations of present incumbents were made by acclamation:
J. H. McJunkins for Attorney General.
John S. Rothrock for Supreme Judge.
John H. Rannels for Supreme Court Reporter.

E. J. Holmes for Clerk of Supreme Court.

At the conclusion of the nominations the Hon. James F. Wilson was called for a speech. He spoke for about five minutes, and was very radical. He congratulated the convention on its day's work and on its bold and radical platform, saying he was proud to see the Republican party of Iowa fully back on its old-time footing and colors, asserting this year in courageous language and living earnestness the sentiments and the position it ought to have taken last year.

This sentiment was greatly cheered. In the course of his speech Mr. Wilson incidentally alluded to General Grant, and the mention of the name was received with great and renewed applause.

MATRIMONIAL.

Wedding at the White House—Colonel Russell Hastings and Miss Emily Platt, Niece of President Hayes—Ex-Governor Swan and Mrs. Thompson.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—There was a quiet wedding at the White House this evening, the third one that has been celebrated there in the sixty-four years that it has been occupied by Presidents. The groom was Russell Hastings, a banker of Rockford, Illinois, and the bride Miss Platt, the President's niece and ward, who has made her home with the President and Mrs. Hayes since she was a child. The President gave the bride away, and was then compelled to leave the company, and to go to the Capitol to sign bills as they were passed by Congress. The wedding party was small, and consisted only of the more intimate friends of the family.

Congressman Swan, of Maryland, was married at Princeton, New Jersey, this evening, to a Mrs. Thompson, sister-in-law of Speaker Randall. The groom has reached the mature age of 75, and the bride is 50. She is the widow of a former Senator from New Jersey. Swan has been Governor of Maryland, and United States Senator from that State. It is said to be a love match. Both the bride and groom are very wealthy, Swan being a millionaire.

THIRTY-FIVE

Students Graduate in Two Years' Course at the White-water Normal School.

WHITE-WATER, June 19.—Thirty-five students in two years' course of our State Normal School were graduated to-day. It was an unusually large class, and an able one. The eleven members of the senior class in the four years' course are to be graduated to-morrow. There is a large number of citizens in town called here by their interest in the occasion.

RELEASED.

Green Bay's Defaulting Treasurer Released Under the Laws of 1876.

GREEN BAY, June 19.—Ex-City Treasurer Anton Burkhardt, whose case was called in the Circuit Court at Appleton this week, returned home last evening, discharged. He was released under Chapter 340, laws of 1876, which took effect June 1, 1878, repealing the law under which his office was committed. Burkhardt's default is over \$60,000. Vanstralen, defaulting County Treasurer, by this decision is released from further criminal prosecution.

Bryant's Wealth.

Bryant is the richest poet America has ever produced. His productions have had steady sale for half a century, and no library is perfect without Bryant. His "Library of Poetry and Song," issued by J. B. Ford & Co., is the only unsuccessful book connected with his name. It deserved a better fate, being a really admirable collection; the real editor, however, was Mr. E. H. Knight, of Washington, and Bryant looked over the work, and no poem was inserted without his consent. To this he added an elaborate introduction. The Evening Post has been a remunerative journal, and thus, between the combined profits of poetry and journalism, Bryant has acquired a property whose value is estimated at half a million.

Colonel Forney is disgusted with English breakfasts. He says: Such a thing as an American breakfast in England is unknown. Our light bread, hot cakes, reliable seasoning, good coffee, are never seen; but when we get to Paris we find ourselves comfortable, even if we cannot speak a word of the language.

Eating is a Torture.

And sleep often a mere travesty of repose, to the dyspeptic. Appetite is correspondingly impaired by this most prevalent of maladies, and headaches, biliousness, constipation, poverty of the blood, loss of flesh, and of vitality, and a thousand annoying and indecipherable sensations, are its concomitants. It is, moreover, the progenitor of numerous and formidable bodily disorders. Obstinately as it is, however, its complete eradication may be effected by the persistent use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a medicine which commends itself to the hearty and the delicate alike. It cures indigestion, and restores the bowels gently but thoroughly, enriches and purifies the blood, promotes appetite, and gives tranquility to the nervous system. Persons of weakly constitution and feeble physique who use this superb tonic infallibly derive from it the stamina of which they stand so much in need, and it is invariably successful in remedying and preventing malarial diseases.

ju15edwlvw

Dunbar's Wonderful Discovery.—Be-the-diseases Water, the acknowledged cure of Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Affections of all natures and kinds, Dropsy, Incontinence of Urine, Bilious Affections, Dyspepsia and Gouty Swellings.
B. B. HEIMSTREET,
Sole Agent for this City.

"Dobbin's" Electric Soap.

Having obtained the agency of this celebrated Soap for Janesville and vicinity, I append the opinion of some of our best people to its merits. I have washed with "Dobbin's" Electric Soap made by L. L. Cragin & Co., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and pronounce it the best soap I have ever used. The rapidity and ease with which it enables one to do one's washing is really surprising. Boiling the clothes is entirely unnecessary and no rubbing is needed. I would not be without it.

NELLIE KENNISTON.
I have no hesitation in saying that no house-keeper should be without "Dobbin's" Electric Soap. I can heartily recommend it. It is a charm in the wash-bath.
ELIZA P. LELAND.
As a time, labor and money saving article, I take pleasure in recommending "Dobbin's" Electric Soap to my neighbors. It promises wonders and does all it promises.
MARY YROMANS.

I take pleasure in calling attention to the testimonials, as we have just made arrangements with the manufacturers in Philadelphia, so that we can supply the trade with their lowest Philadelphia price.
GEORGE W. HAWES,
Sole Agent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOARD OF REVIEW.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Review, of the City of Janesville, will meet at the City Clerk's office on Monday, the 24th day of June, 1878, at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of reviewing the assessment of said City for the year 1878.
J. M. BURGESS,
City Clerk.
Janesville, Wis., June 17th, 1878. ju17dvw

MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice to Stockholders

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Merchants' & Mechanics' Savings Bank, will be held at the office of the Bank on Tuesday, July 9th, 1878, at 4 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of electing directors and officers for the ensuing year.
H. G. REICHWALD,
Cashier.
ju10dlm

Heating & Ventilation

Boynton's Furnaces

For Hard or Soft Coal or Wood.
75 Styles and Sizes.

30,000 IN USE.

RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

84 Lake St., Chicago, Ills.

For Sale by G. M. HANCHETT.

my21d5m



SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

The picture on the right fairly illustrates one of the many accidents daily happening with common lamps. No family using the ordinary Kerosene lamp is safe against such accidents. The picture on the left shows the different result when the AUTOMATIC SAFETY LAMP is used. No father or mother should risk the lives of their children by using any other. It saves life and prevents accident by fire to person or property. Sold by dealers everywhere. Send for circular.
HARRIS & SMITH,
Manufacturers Janesville, Wis.
ju10d5aw6w6m

ALL READY!

FOR

Spring Trade!

My Stock of

Foreign and Domestic Cloths

GENTS

Furnishing Goods

HATS and CAPS,

Trunks and Traveling Bags is

Complete.

Call and See My NEW PRICES.

J. L. FORD.

SHIRT PATTERNS

CUT TO ORDER. PRICE 50 CENTS.

Jan17d5wlv

May the Best Win!

John H. Wingate has secured the Agency of the

ADAMS & WESTLAKE WIRE GAUZE

NON EXPLOSIVE

Oil Stove!

Which has been tested by three eminent Chem-

ists, in Chicago, and pronounced absolutely safe

under any and all circumstances, and is the only

OIL STOVE

Recommended by the Board of Underwriters.

This is the most expensive and the

Highest Priced Stove in the Market!

But I shall and it will be as any First Class

is sold, and I invite all interested to call in and

examine it.

Oil Stoves

Are not now an experiment, being known by the

public to be superior to Wood or Coal

Stoves for

BAKING, BROILING, and IRONING.

I am selling

REFRIGERATORS!

Very low. My stock of

Filters and Coolers,

Ice Cream Freezers, Bird Cages, Flow-

er Pots, and Vases, Crockery and

THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1878.

Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Trains at Janesville Station.

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Chicago & Northwestern R. R.

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Western Union Railroad.

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Post-Office--Summer Time Table.

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

From	Time	Arrive	Depart
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:50 a. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:45 p. m.		
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	10:45 p. m.		

free that my moral nacher wuz undermin-

ed, and I had forgotten wat my mother had

said to me, I consented.

Q. Did Secretary Sherman pay you any

money by the direction of the so-called

President?

A. Yes--\$100,000.

Q. Wuz he to pay you any more?

A. Yes--\$100,000 more when the out-

rage wuz consummated, and he gave me a

written agreement to that effect, which I

hev.

Q. After doing this iniquity, what made

you change and confess?

A. A change uv heart, commenced by

Moody and Sankey, and continued by a

powerful Bible preacher, Kentucky. It

wuz a case uv quickened conscience. I

couldn't sleep. When I laid down in my

bed nites, the pale face uv the sainted mar-

ty uv Grammarcy Square, riz uv before

me and in spectral tones yelled "confess!"

Whenever I saw a Democrat leaning pen-

sively agin a lamp-post, and looking wisely

into a sloon wuz he cood not enter, my

conscience smote me, and sed "confess!"

I wandered about a roolined man. And then

I went to Washington and asked for a con-

sultation worth \$50,000 a year, in wuch to

hide myself and my great greed, and Sherman

kicked me out uv his office, and Hayes re-

fused to see me, altogether. It wuz more

than I cood bear, and I sought out your

chairman and confest and found peace.

This is about the size uv this confession.

Tilden ought to hev hed me ez manager

uv his house, all the time I cood hev

saved him a great deal uv money, besides

doin the work a great deal better. This

wuz only cost \$400 at the beginnin, and

my expenses in trainin him hevnt bin

much more than that, and we hev a winn

that is worth subin. The story he tells is

strate foreid, and ez they can't find out any

thing about his antecedents, they can't say

anything agin him, ez they kin about An-

derson, and the others.

I shud stay here till Mr. McCaffery gives

in his testimony, when I shud go back to

the Corners, by the way uv New York. On

my return I shud pay Bascom and my other

creditors sublin handsome on account, and

intuse new life into the Corners, by settin

some money afloat. There I shud stay till

my return, hearin the bold signatur uv

"Sam'l. J. Tilden," comes to me, and I

hev the pleasure uv kickin that miscreant

Radical wuch now holds the piece into the

street.

PETROLEUM V. NASEY,

Manager of T. M. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARRIAGE

SECRETS

VERBUM SAT SAPIENTI!

Revolution!

In the Dry Goods trade inaugurated by

McKEY & BROTHER

Every semblance of competition put to flight by

the fascinating eloquence of low prices.

Dress Goods!

Immense lines of Bourretts, the most fashionable

Dress fabrics in the market at 12, 14, 16 and 18 cents per yard.

An elegant line of Bantines also very fashionable at 25 cents per yard. 100 pieces of Black Cash-

meres just opened at 50 Cents per yard.

50 pieces very finest and best Cashmeres imported at \$1.00 per yard.

SILKS!

McKEY & BRO. having closed out at 50 Cents on

The Dollar the entire silk importation of a large New York house, now offer the following special and

extraordinary bargains: An immense variety of Fancy Summer Silks at 50 cents per yard, and a

large line of genuine Lyons Black Gros Grain Silks at \$1.00 per yard. A line of Clothing Gros Grain

Silks at \$1.50 per yard--very cheap. These silks were bought at one-half original cost to import and

are unquestionably the best value ever exhibited in the west.

McKEY & BRO. buy exclusively from importers

And Manufacturers for cash at lower figures than any other house in the State.

SHETLAND SHAWLS

The largest stock and the lowest prices in the city.

Ladies' Linen Suits

In the very latest styles at one-half the prices of last season. We offer full lines from \$1.50 up to

\$5.00. The enormous patronage enjoyed by McKEY & BRO. enable them to buy large quantities to the

best possible advantage.

LADIES' HOSE.

We offer 500 dozen Ladies' White Hose at 10 cents per pair--the best value for the money in the mar-

ket. 500 dozen genuine Balbriggan Hose at 15 cents per pair and upwards.

McKEY & BRO.'s enormous stock of Ladies' Hosiery comprises every variety in the market at the

lowest possible prices.

LADIES' 2 BUTTON KID GLOVES!

AT 37 1-2 CENTS PER PAIR.

The Celebrated Victoria 2 Button Kid Gloves at \$1.25 per pair sold exclusively by McKEY & BRO.

McKEY & BRO. are Western Agents for the

Itanbrow, Naoma, Tuttle & B. and Madam Joy Corsets. These brands comprise the best makes in

the world. The Naoma is the best 50 cents corset ever made, and is sold exclusively by McKEY & BRO.

We offer a large and elegant line of Ladies' Hosiery at low prices, and a enormous variety of fash-

ionable novelties at 25 cents each.

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES

White and Colored in new and beautiful designs at the lowest prices.

McKEY & BRO. keep the largest stock and the best assortment of Embroideries in Wisconsin.

We call special attention to our display of Black Finches, at 50 cents per yard. They are

made expressly for us by the most distinguished manufacturer of tringles in America.

PARASOLS!

Our sales of Parasols this season have been unequalled in all our experience. We have duplicated

our stock three times since the first of May, and now offer an immense line of novel-

ties in Serges and Silks at extremely low prices.

MILLINERY

The variety and extent of the attractions we offer in this depart-

ment, surpass the possibility of a detailed description. We

simply call attention to the fact that our stock is the largest ever

exhibited by us, and that the pressure of orders has compelled us

to more than double our help since the opening of the season. We offer a line of handsome trimmed

Hats for 25 cents each. Our dollar trimmings are superior in every respect to any \$2.00

hat in town. We sell the latest styles of Black and Brown Straws at 25 to 35 cents each.

For rich and beautiful designs at low prices, and a variety of Carrots we challenge com-

petition with any house in the West.

McKEY & BROS.

Mammoth Establishment, Janesville, Wis.

Sign of the Golden Sheep.

WAR DECLARED---McCLERNAN & CO.

READY FOR ACTION.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SWEET JACKSON'S NAVY

Chewing TOBACCO

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for

its purity and quality and for its purity and quality.

It is a radical cure. I am a regular physician,

and have made the disease of

I CURE FITS!!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop

them for a time and then have them return again.

I mean a radical cure. I am a regular physician,

and have made the disease of

Fits, Epilepsy or Falling Sickness

a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure

the worst cases. Because others have failed is

no reason for not receiving a cure from me.

Send me at once for a Treatise and a Free

Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give express

and postpaid. It costs you nothing for trial, and

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH
A purely vegetable distillation entirely unlike all other remedies.
In the preparation of this remarkable remedy every leaf, plant, and bark is subjected to distillation, whereby the essential medicinal principle is obtained in a pure, condensed and potent form. It is a powerful and delicate agent, and is adapted to all cases of catarrh of the bladder, urethra, and prostate, whether of long or short standing, and is equally efficacious in all cases of gonorrhea, and is a most valuable remedy in all cases of urinary disease.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE
For all cases of Catarrh of the Bladder, Urethra, and Prostate, whether of long or short standing, and is equally efficacious in all cases of gonorrhea, and is a most valuable remedy in all cases of urinary disease.
This is a purely vegetable distillation entirely unlike all other remedies. It is a powerful and delicate agent, and is adapted to all cases of catarrh of the bladder, urethra, and prostate, whether of long or short standing, and is equally efficacious in all cases of gonorrhea, and is a most valuable remedy in all cases of urinary disease.

WATKINS' MALARIAL EXTRACT
This is a purely vegetable distillation entirely unlike all other remedies. It is a powerful and delicate agent, and is adapted to all cases of catarrh of the bladder, urethra, and prostate, whether of long or short standing, and is equally efficacious in all cases of gonorrhea, and is a most valuable remedy in all cases of urinary disease.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER
An Electro-Galvanic Battery combined with a highly medicated plaster containing the choicest medicinal Gums and Balsams known to modern Pharmacy.
These Plasters have now been before the public for over twenty years, and have been the subject of numerous testimonials, and have been the subject of numerous testimonials, and have been the subject of numerous testimonials.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER
Have it if you have to send us for it.
Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, and by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canada.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
SMITH & PHELPS, Attorneys-at-Law.
Collections made, loans negotiated, mortgages foreclosed, and all other business transacted in relation to real estate.
Office, Lippin's block, Cor. Main and Milwaukee streets, my17dAwly

Dr. Clara R. Northington
(A graduate of the Woman's Medical College, Chicago), respectfully offers her services to the people of Janesville and vicinity.
Diseases of Women and Children a Specialty.
Office 19 West Milwaukee street, Tallman's block. Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m. Residence, 1 North Franklin street, 3d story.

J. H. BALCH, Justice of the Peace
Conveyancing Promptly Attended to
Agent Atchison, Tappan & Santa Fe R. R. Co. Lands.
Office Postoffice block, Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wis. Up stairs. my17dAwly

ELDRIDGE & FETHEIS, LAWYERS,
Smith & Jackson's Block.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.
Will practice in all the State and U. S. courts; buy and sell real estate; negotiate loans; and all other business connected with the law.
Jas. S. Davis

H. H. BLANCHARD'S Law Collection, Will Estate and Loan Office.
Special attention given to collections, and to the foreclosure of mortgages. All business entrusted to his care promptly attended to. Office on Main street, over M. O. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wis. my17dAwly

GEO. H. MCCASKEY, SURGEON DENTIST
Office in Tallman's block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wis. feb27dAwly

Abstracts of Title
A. E. MORSE,
At the office of Register of Deeds.
Will furnish abstracts of title to any lands in Black County at reasonable rates; buy and sell real estate; pay taxes and negotiate loans.
my17dAwly

Dr. M. A. NEWMAN, Dental Surgeon,
Office in Smith & Jackson's block, opposite the postoffice, Janesville. Practices Dentistry in all its branches. Administers nitrous oxide gas for the extraction of teeth. sep27dAwly

Cassoday & Carpenter, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Office, corner Main and Milwaukee streets, in Lippin's block, JANESVILLE, WIS. my17dAwly

THE GAZETTE.
THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1878.
EDISON INTERVIEWED.
From the Cincinnati Enquirer.
A special correspondent, to whom was assigned the duty of interviewing the great inventor of the day, has performed the task, and begs leave to place before the Enquirer the results of his labors.
A few moments' walk from the station brought him within view of Menlo Park. Entering by the side door, he found himself in a long room, distinguished principally by the presence of all that pertains to that mysterious fluid, electricity, and was soon in the presence of the man of the house. He at once made known his errand, and propounded the inquiry, "What are you going to do next?" He seemed at first inclined to give it up, but, encouraged by the information that his visitor was an emissary of the Enquirer, he unbosomed himself freely. First beckoning our commissioner to his private office, he closed and bolted the door, and, taking from a box beneath the table a thin, oblong metal plate, and a metal ball weighing five or twenty pounds, he suspended the plate about five feet in the air, and, connecting by thumb screws on the upper side an electric battery, he rolled the ball to a point underneath the plate and released it. What was our reporter's astonishment to see it slowly rise till the under side of the plate was attained, and then slowly rolled back and forth as a toy balloon would have done.

VEGETINE
Is Recommended by all PHYSICIANS.
VALLEY STREAM, QUEEN CO., LONG ISLAND, N. Y.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
Dear Sir, I take pleasure in writing you a small certificate concerning Vegetine prepared by you. I have been a sufferer with the Dyspepsia for over six months, and have tried most everything: was given up to die, and did not expect to live from day to day. I was cured by Vegetine. I am now a healthy man, and feel like a new man. I am now a healthy man, and feel like a new man. I am now a healthy man, and feel like a new man.

VEGETINE
For Cancers and CANCEROUS HUMORS.
The Doctor's Certificate.
Read it.
ASHLEY, WASHINGTON CO., ILL., JUNE 14, 1878.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
This is to certify that I had been suffering from a cancerous growth on my right breast, which grew very rapidly, and all my friends had given me up to die, when I heard of your medicine, Vegetine. I commenced to take it, and found myself beginning to feel better, my health improved, and the tumor began to shrink. It is now almost gone, and I feel like a new man.

VEGETINE
I regard it as a Valuable FAMILY MEDICINE.
JAN. 1, 1878.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
Dear Sir, I take pleasure in saying that I have used your Vegetine for several years, and it has cured me of several cases of remarkable character. I regard it as a valuable family medicine.

VEGETINE
The M. D.'s have it.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
Dear Sir, I have used Vegetine for a long time, and find it a most valuable family medicine. I regard it as a valuable family medicine.

Dr. V. CLARENCE PRICE Visited Janesville EIGHTEEN YEARS.
HAS met with unparalleled success in the treatment of all THROAT, LUNGS, HEART, STOMACH, LIVER.
Head, nerves, kidneys, bladder, womb, and blood affections of the urinary organs, gravel, rheumatism, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, dyspepsia, &c., &c.
Dr. Price's reputation has been acquired by candid, honest dealing and years of successful practice.

DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE
Can be consulted at JANESVILLE, MYERS HOUSE, Saturday and Sunday, the 22nd and 23rd of June, 1878.
Patients will address all letters to Dr. V. Clarence Price, Waubesa, Wis., with stamp. jan27dAwly

DYKES' BEARD ELIXIR
The only preparation for the beard and mustache that will grow them in a short time, and make them as thick and black as the hair on the head.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.
Jas. S. Davis

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of Stephen G. Williams, deceased.
On reading and filing an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, and an accompanying petition of Catharine A. Boyd, of said county, representing that said deceased died on the 15th day of May, 1878, leaving said Catharine A. Boyd, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said Catharine A. Boyd, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of Mary Davis, deceased.
On reading and filing an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, and an accompanying petition of John Davis, her son, of said city, representing that said deceased died on the 15th day of May, 1878, leaving said John Davis, her son, as her sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to him, and that he might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said John Davis, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

Two Hundred Thousand Bugs.
The San Francisco Bulletin says: "Professor Davidson, President of the Academy of Sciences, recently called the attention of a number of citizens to the large collection of specimens in entomology made by Henry Edwards during a period of twenty-five years. This collection is said to be one of the largest ever made in the United States, and is far the most complete ever made on the Pacific coast. About 200,000 specimens have been collected, representing more than 60,000 species. These represent not only all the orders on this coast, but nearly or quite all in the United States, with a large representation of orders from all parts of the world. The collection is really one of the most complete known in this country or any other. The collection is valued at \$120,000, or rather that is about the sum expended in freights, cabinets, and the purchase of rare specimens. The labor of twenty-five years is not estimated."

PUBLIC PRINTING.
From January 1, 1879, until January 1, 1881.
SEALING PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin, until the first day of August, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the printing of the following: 1. A set of government all letter-printing, binding, ruling, blank books (including stock for binding), authorized or required by law, for the use of the State, in all its several departments thereof, for which the State is liable to pay, for the period of January, A. D. 1879, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 243, laws of 1874, entitled "An act relating to public printing." 2. A set of government all letter-printing, binding, ruling, blank books (including stock for binding), authorized or required by law, for the use of the State, in all its several departments thereof, for which the State is liable to pay, for the period of January, A. D. 1879, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 243, laws of 1874, entitled "An act relating to public printing." 3. A set of government all letter-printing, binding, ruling, blank books (including stock for binding), authorized or required by law, for the use of the State, in all its several departments thereof, for which the State is liable to pay, for the period of January, A. D. 1879, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 243, laws of 1874, entitled "An act relating to public printing."

VEGETINE
Is Recommended by all PHYSICIANS.
VALLEY STREAM, QUEEN CO., LONG ISLAND, N. Y.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
Dear Sir, I take pleasure in writing you a small certificate concerning Vegetine prepared by you. I have been a sufferer with the Dyspepsia for over six months, and have tried most everything: was given up to die, and did not expect to live from day to day. I was cured by Vegetine. I am now a healthy man, and feel like a new man. I am now a healthy man, and feel like a new man. I am now a healthy man, and feel like a new man.

VEGETINE
For Cancers and CANCEROUS HUMORS.
The Doctor's Certificate.
Read it.
ASHLEY, WASHINGTON CO., ILL., JUNE 14, 1878.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
This is to certify that I had been suffering from a cancerous growth on my right breast, which grew very rapidly, and all my friends had given me up to die, when I heard of your medicine, Vegetine. I commenced to take it, and found myself beginning to feel better, my health improved, and the tumor began to shrink. It is now almost gone, and I feel like a new man.

VEGETINE
I regard it as a Valuable FAMILY MEDICINE.
JAN. 1, 1878.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
Dear Sir, I take pleasure in saying that I have used your Vegetine for several years, and it has cured me of several cases of remarkable character. I regard it as a valuable family medicine.

VEGETINE
The M. D.'s have it.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
Dear Sir, I have used Vegetine for a long time, and find it a most valuable family medicine. I regard it as a valuable family medicine.

Dr. V. CLARENCE PRICE Visited Janesville EIGHTEEN YEARS.
HAS met with unparalleled success in the treatment of all THROAT, LUNGS, HEART, STOMACH, LIVER.
Head, nerves, kidneys, bladder, womb, and blood affections of the urinary organs, gravel, rheumatism, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, dyspepsia, &c., &c.
Dr. Price's reputation has been acquired by candid, honest dealing and years of successful practice.

DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE
Can be consulted at JANESVILLE, MYERS HOUSE, Saturday and Sunday, the 22nd and 23rd of June, 1878.
Patients will address all letters to Dr. V. Clarence Price, Waubesa, Wis., with stamp. jan27dAwly

DYKES' BEARD ELIXIR
The only preparation for the beard and mustache that will grow them in a short time, and make them as thick and black as the hair on the head.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.
Jas. S. Davis

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of Stephen G. Williams, deceased.
On reading and filing an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, and an accompanying petition of Catharine A. Boyd, of said county, representing that said deceased died on the 15th day of May, 1878, leaving said Catharine A. Boyd, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said Catharine A. Boyd, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of Mary Davis, deceased.
On reading and filing an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, and an accompanying petition of John Davis, her son, of said city, representing that said deceased died on the 15th day of May, 1878, leaving said John Davis, her son, as her sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to him, and that he might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said John Davis, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

Two Hundred Thousand Bugs.
The San Francisco Bulletin says: "Professor Davidson, President of the Academy of Sciences, recently called the attention of a number of citizens to the large collection of specimens in entomology made by Henry Edwards during a period of twenty-five years. This collection is said to be one of the largest ever made in the United States, and is far the most complete ever made on the Pacific coast. About 200,000 specimens have been collected, representing more than 60,000 species. These represent not only all the orders on this coast, but nearly or quite all in the United States, with a large representation of orders from all parts of the world. The collection is really one of the most complete known in this country or any other. The collection is valued at \$120,000, or rather that is about the sum expended in freights, cabinets, and the purchase of rare specimens. The labor of twenty-five years is not estimated."

PUBLIC PRINTING.
From January 1, 1879, until January 1, 1881.
SEALING PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin, until the first day of August, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the printing of the following: 1. A set of government all letter-printing, binding, ruling, blank books (including stock for binding), authorized or required by law, for the use of the State, in all its several departments thereof, for which the State is liable to pay, for the period of January, A. D. 1879, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 243, laws of 1874, entitled "An act relating to public printing." 2. A set of government all letter-printing, binding, ruling, blank books (including stock for binding), authorized or required by law, for the use of the State, in all its several departments thereof, for which the State is liable to pay, for the period of January, A. D. 1879, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 243, laws of 1874, entitled "An act relating to public printing." 3. A set of government all letter-printing, binding, ruling, blank books (including stock for binding), authorized or required by law, for the use of the State, in all its several departments thereof, for which the State is liable to pay, for the period of January, A. D. 1879, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 243, laws of 1874, entitled "An act relating to public printing."

VEGETINE
Is Recommended by all PHYSICIANS.
VALLEY STREAM, QUEEN CO., LONG ISLAND, N. Y.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
Dear Sir, I take pleasure in writing you a small certificate concerning Vegetine prepared by you. I have been a sufferer with the Dyspepsia for over six months, and have tried most everything: was given up to die, and did not expect to live from day to day. I was cured by Vegetine. I am now a healthy man, and feel like a new man. I am now a healthy man, and feel like a new man. I am now a healthy man, and feel like a new man.

VEGETINE
For Cancers and CANCEROUS HUMORS.
The Doctor's Certificate.
Read it.
ASHLEY, WASHINGTON CO., ILL., JUNE 14, 1878.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
This is to certify that I had been suffering from a cancerous growth on my right breast, which grew very rapidly, and all my friends had given me up to die, when I heard of your medicine, Vegetine. I commenced to take it, and found myself beginning to feel better, my health improved, and the tumor began to shrink. It is now almost gone, and I feel like a new man.

VEGETINE
I regard it as a Valuable FAMILY MEDICINE.
JAN. 1, 1878.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
Dear Sir, I take pleasure in saying that I have used your Vegetine for several years, and it has cured me of several cases of remarkable character. I regard it as a valuable family medicine.

VEGETINE
The M. D.'s have it.
MR. H. H. STEVENS:
Dear Sir, I have used Vegetine for a long time, and find it a most valuable family medicine. I regard it as a valuable family medicine.

Dr. V. CLARENCE PRICE Visited Janesville EIGHTEEN YEARS.
HAS met with unparalleled success in the treatment of all THROAT, LUNGS, HEART, STOMACH, LIVER.
Head, nerves, kidneys, bladder, womb, and blood affections of the urinary organs, gravel, rheumatism, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, dyspepsia, &c., &c.
Dr. Price's reputation has been acquired by candid, honest dealing and years of successful practice.

DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE
Can be consulted at JANESVILLE, MYERS HOUSE, Saturday and Sunday, the 22nd and 23rd of June, 1878.
Patients will address all letters to Dr. V. Clarence Price, Waubesa, Wis., with stamp. jan27dAwly

DYKES' BEARD ELIXIR
The only preparation for the beard and mustache that will grow them in a short time, and make them as thick and black as the hair on the head.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.
Jas. S. Davis

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of Stephen G. Williams, deceased.
On reading and filing an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, and an accompanying petition of Catharine A. Boyd, of said county, representing that said deceased died on the 15th day of May, 1878, leaving said Catharine A. Boyd, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said Catharine A. Boyd, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of Mary Davis, deceased.
On reading and filing an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, and an accompanying petition of John Davis, her son, of said city, representing that said deceased died on the 15th day of May, 1878, leaving said John Davis, her son, as her sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to him, and that he might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said John Davis, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

Two Hundred Thousand Bugs.
The San Francisco Bulletin says: "Professor Davidson, President of the Academy of Sciences, recently called the attention of a number of citizens to the large collection of specimens in entomology made by Henry Edwards during a period of twenty-five years. This collection is said to be one of the largest ever made in the United States, and is far the most complete ever made on the Pacific coast. About 200,000 specimens have been collected, representing more than 60,000 species. These represent not only all the orders on this coast, but nearly or quite all in the United States, with a large representation of orders from all parts of the world. The collection is really one of the most complete known in this country or any other. The collection is valued at \$120,000, or rather that is about the sum expended in freights, cabinets, and the purchase of rare specimens. The labor of twenty-five years is not estimated."

RAILROADS.
THE OLD RELIABLE
PITTSBURGH AND PENNSYLVANIA R.R.
R.R. R.R.
Continuous All-Rail Route!
No Change of Cars!
One Road, One Management!

Pittsburgh, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, & New York TO BOSTON
Via New York City. Reaches All Points in Pennsylvania and New Jersey.
PULLMAN PALACE CARS
On all Express Trains!
ELEGANT EATING HOUSE
With Ample Time for Meals.
3 EXPRESS TRAINS Leave Chicago as follows:
8:00 A. M. SPECIAL FAST EXPRESS
With the Popular Vestibule Sleeping Car.
9:10 P. M. Night Exp. Except Saturday
With Drawing Room, Hotel Car.
Fare Always as Low as any Line.

C & N. W. LINES.
THE CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN R. W.
Embraces under one management the Great Trunk Railway Lines of the West and North-West, and, with its numerous branches and connections, forms the shortest and quickest route between Chicago and all points in Illinois, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Dakota, Oregon, China, Japan and Australia.
Omaha and California Line
Is the shortest and best route between Chicago and all points in Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, California, Oregon, China, Japan and Australia.
Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis Line
Is the shortest route between Chicago and all points in Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota, and for Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the Great West and North-West.
La Crosse, Winona and St. Peter Line
Is the best route between Chicago and La Crosse, Winona, Rochester, Owatonna, Mankato, St. Peter, New Ulm, and all points in Southern and Central Minnesota.
Green Bay and Marquette Line
Is the only line between Chicago and Janesville, Watertown, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Appleton, Green Bay, Racine, Neenah, Kaukauna, Marinette, Siren, Hancock and the Lake Superior Country. Its
Freeport and Dubuque Line
Is the only route between Chicago and Elgin, Rockford, Freeport, and all points via Freeport, Ill.
Chicago and Milwaukee Line
Is the old Lake Shore route, and is the only one to have secured all the first-class Pullman Palace Cars, and all the first-class Pullman Palace Cars, and all the first-class Pullman Palace Cars.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of Michael Welch, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of Joannah Welch, the widow of said deceased, representing that he late of the city of Janesville, in said county, died intestate on the 16th day of April, 1878, leaving said Joannah Welch, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said Joannah Welch, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of John Reuben, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of John Reuben, the widow of said deceased, representing that he late of the city of Janesville, in said county, died intestate on the 16th day of April, 1878, leaving said John Reuben, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said John Reuben, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of John Reuben, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of John Reuben, the widow of said deceased, representing that he late of the city of Janesville, in said county, died intestate on the 16th day of April, 1878, leaving said John Reuben, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said John Reuben, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of John Reuben, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of John Reuben, the widow of said deceased, representing that he late of the city of Janesville, in said county, died intestate on the 16th day of April, 1878, leaving said John Reuben, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said John Reuben, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of John Reuben, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of John Reuben, the widow of said deceased, representing that he late of the city of Janesville, in said county, died intestate on the 16th day of April, 1878, leaving said John Reuben, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said John Reuben, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of John Reuben, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of John Reuben, the widow of said deceased, representing that he late of the city of Janesville, in said county, died intestate on the 16th day of April, 1878, leaving said John Reuben, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said John Reuben, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of John Reuben, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of John Reuben, the widow of said deceased, representing that he late of the city of Janesville, in said county, died intestate on the 16th day of April, 1878, leaving said John Reuben, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said John Reuben, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

Two Hundred Thousand Bugs.
The San Francisco Bulletin says: "Professor Davidson, President of the Academy of Sciences, recently called the attention of a number of citizens to the large collection of specimens in entomology made by Henry Edwards during a period of twenty-five years. This collection is said to be one of the largest ever made in the United States, and is far the most complete ever made on the Pacific coast. About 200,000 specimens have been collected, representing more than 60,000 species. These represent not only all the orders on this coast, but nearly or quite all in the United States, with a large representation of orders from all parts of the world. The collection is really one of the most complete known in this country or any other. The collection is valued at \$120,000, or rather that is about the sum expended in freights, cabinets, and the purchase of rare specimens. The labor of twenty-five years is not estimated."

RAILROADS.
THE OLD RELIABLE
PITTSBURGH AND PENNSYLVANIA R.R.
R.R. R.R.
Continuous All-Rail Route!
No Change of Cars!
One Road, One Management!

Pittsburgh, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, & New York TO BOSTON
Via New York City. Reaches All Points in Pennsylvania and New Jersey.
PULLMAN PALACE CARS
On all Express Trains!
ELEGANT EATING HOUSE
With Ample Time for Meals.
3 EXPRESS TRAINS Leave Chicago as follows:
8:00 A. M. SPECIAL FAST EXPRESS
With the Popular Vestibule Sleeping Car.
9:10 P. M. Night Exp. Except Saturday
With Drawing Room, Hotel Car.
Fare Always as Low as any Line.

C & N. W. LINES.
THE CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN R. W.
Embraces under one management the Great Trunk Railway Lines of the West and North-West, and, with its numerous branches and connections, forms the shortest and quickest route between Chicago and all points in Illinois, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Dakota, Oregon, China, Japan and Australia.
Omaha and California Line
Is the shortest and best route between Chicago and all points in Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, California, Oregon, China, Japan and Australia.
Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis Line
Is the shortest route between Chicago and all points in Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota, and for Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the Great West and North-West.
La Crosse, Winona and St. Peter Line
Is the best route between Chicago and La Crosse, Winona, Rochester, Owatonna, Mankato, St. Peter, New Ulm, and all points in Southern and Central Minnesota.
Green Bay and Marquette Line
Is the only line between Chicago and Janesville, Watertown, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Appleton, Green Bay, Racine, Neenah, Kaukauna, Marinette, Siren, Hancock and the Lake Superior Country. Its
Freeport and Dubuque Line
Is the only route between Chicago and Elgin, Rockford, Freeport, and all points via Freeport, Ill.
Chicago and Milwaukee Line
Is the old Lake Shore route, and is the only one to have secured all the first-class Pullman Palace Cars, and all the first-class Pullman Palace Cars, and all the first-class Pullman Palace Cars.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of Michael Welch, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of Joannah Welch, the widow of said deceased, representing that he late of the city of Janesville, in said county, died intestate on the 16th day of April, 1878, leaving said Joannah Welch, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said Joannah Welch, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper printed and published at said city. Dated June 11th, 1878. By the court. AMOS P. PRICHARD, County Judge.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
In the matter of the estate of John Reuben, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of John Reuben, the widow of said deceased, representing that he late of the city of Janesville, in said county, died intestate on the 16th day of April, 1878, leaving said John Reuben, his widow, as his sole and lawful heir, and praying that the same might be proved and letters of administration with will annexed be granted to her, and that she might be appointed guardian of the person and estate of said John Reuben, the court, on the 20th day of June, 1878, ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once each week, prior to said day of hearing, in the Janesville Gazette

BRIEFLETS.

—June sprinkles.
—Have you seen the pictures?
—The usual festival of Corpus Christi was observed at the Catholic churches to-day.

—Mr. Frank H. Mason, formerly post-office clerk at Madison, is spending a few days in the city, and will go from here to Milwaukee.

—Janessville base-balls will be interested in the fact that Frank Bliss is announced to catch for the Milwaukeees in their game to-day.

—It is a rather strange fact that of the five telegraph students who went bathing when young Maus was drowned, no two came from the same State.

—The firemen go through their usual drill this evening at the engine houses. The going will strike at 7:30 sharp. Plenty of room for spectators, especially the ladies.

—Mr. Henry Lovejoy, who has been visiting in the city for a week or more, left to-day for his home in State Center, Iowa, where he is station agent. His wife will probably spend the summer here.

—Mr. Charles Penniman desires through the columns of the Gazette, to extend the thanks of himself and the other bereaved ones, to the many friends who showed such sympathy and kindness, during the sickness, death, and burial of his wife.

—It is well, in view of the frequent cases of accidents on the river, that all persons should remember that grappling hooks are always to be found in the engine houses. This fact should be noted down by every citizen, for any one may be suddenly placed in a position, where he will need to use them, or at least need to know where they are.

—The Congregationalists are considering the advisability of rebuilding the chapel which was burned three years ago. It will make their building one of the most convenient and elegant in the State. The Ladies' Society have about \$1,600 on hand and they propose to give this to the building of a chapel if the Trustees will proceed with the work. The Board of Trustees will meet to-night to consider the matter.

—Vankirk, the grocer, calls particular attention, in our advertising columns, to his large stock and low prices. His stock of fine fine new teas is unsurpassed in quality, style and price. In all kinds of tobacco he offers extra inducements. His stock of white fish and trout in kegs and kits is larger and cheaper than ever before offered. We advise all wanting groceries at low prices to call on Cap. and be pleased.

—The Congregational church are to give an entertainment on the evening of July 4th, which promises to be of more than usual interest. Besides ice-cream, and other refreshments, "The Mistletoe Bough," in three acts, will be presented. The story is so old as to be familiar to all, but its production will be so arranged that all will be as interested in it as though it was new. The further particulars will be duly given when fully arranged.

—The funeral services of Mrs. Charles Penniman were held at the house yesterday afternoon. The funeral decorations were very fine and the appropriate words "At Rest," hung from the arch of the folding doors, just above the casket containing the remains. Rev. T. P. Sawin conducted the services, assisted by a choir consisting of Mrs. St. John, Miss Fanny Lynn, Mr. J. H. Wingate, and Mr. M. M. Conant. The services were very solemn and impressive.

—The lecture to be given this evening by W. R. French, of Chicago, is to be one of interest to all. It is on "Conventional Art," and will be illustrated by crayon sketches. Mr. French handles the chalk with lightning rapidity. He is Secretary of the Chicago Academy of Design, and is thoroughly posted in all art matters. The lecture will be given in the Court Street Methodist church, instead of All Souls' church. The reason for this change is the fact that the managers of the art exhibition deem it better not to disarrange the pictures, but to hold the lecture where it will not interfere with the exhibition. After the lecture, those who attend, can go to All Souls' church and look at the exhibition, the two shillings admission fee paying not only for the lecture, but also for the exhibition.

THE WEATHER.

The thermometer at 7 o'clock this morning stood at 63 degrees above and at 2 o'clock 76 degrees above. Cloudy. One year ago to-day at corresponding hours, the thermometer stood at 62 and 76 degrees above.

The indications to-day are, for the Tennessee and Ohio valley, lake region, upper Mississippi, and lower Missouri valleys, falling barometer, warmer, southeast to southwest winds, partly cloudy weather, numerous local rains, followed by northerly winds, west of the Mississippi.

A BELOIT WEDDING.

There was a brilliant wedding in Beloit yesterday, the groom being Mr. Otto H. Orton, a prominent young attorney, of Beloit, and son of Hon. H. S. Orton, Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of the State, and the bride Miss Mamie Goodhue, daughter of William Goodhue, Esq., Beloit's first mayor. Rev. Fayette Rice, Rector of the Episcopal church, performed the ceremony which took place at the residence of the bride's parents. The couple were attended by Miss Lizzie Goodhue, sister of the bride, and Orlando B. Orton, brother of the groom. Among those present were the Hon. Harlow S. Orton, wife and son, from Madison; Orlando B. Orton and Mrs. Henry Coe, sister of the groom, from Indianapolis, Ind.; Mr. Henry W. Rogers and Miss Lizzie Rogers, of Ann Arbor, Mich.; Miss Nettie Havens, Mr. Fred Pond, and Dr. Griffin, of Chicago. The presents were quite numerous and valuable. The bridal party departed on the 12:30 train north, and will visit St. Paul, Minneapolis and other places.

MURDERED.

The Lifeless Body of Frederick Ohm Found Pierced with Bullets.

Indications that He Struggled Bravely to Defend Himself, but All in Vain.

The Country Being Scoured by Horsemen and Blood-Hounds in Search of the Murderers.

The news of a most foul and bloody murder comes to-day from Monroe, the victim of which was a peaceable, unoffending citizen, and the details of which are enshrouded in some mystery at present. The murdered man was named

FREDERICK OHM,

a farmer, and he lived at the little village of Sylvester, located near Monroe. The first indication even that a foul deed had been committed was early this morning, when the body of the murdered man was found in his barn. It lay across a log, while beside it were great pools of blood. A closer examination showed that there were

three bullet wounds, and a severe bruise on the head, just above the left ear, as though he had been struck with some blunt weapon, as well as shot. In one hand of the murdered man was found clasped a club, which from other appearances, he had evidently used in a vain attempt to guard his own life, and to ward off his murderers.

The appearance of the body, and its surroundings showed that he had not died without struggling for his life, though against odds. His horse was found running around the yard with part of his harness on, and the rest was scattered upon the floor of the barn, and it is surmised that his assailants, whoever they may be, attacked him after he had returned from his labor yesterday, and was about

PUTTING UP HIS HORSE

for the night. He must have been in the act of unharnessing when the deadly struggle commenced. Of that struggle little more is known beyond the story told by the club with which he evidently defended himself, and the appearance of the barn indicating the time at which the murder must have been committed. Yesterday his family were absent from home during the entire day, so that no one even suspected the commission of such a deed, until the bloody corpse of the murdered man told it to the surprised ones who found it.

The report fled with swift wings, and in less than an hour the whole village was talking over the affair, and immediately a force of

HORSEMEN WITH BLOOD HOUNDS organized and started out to hunt down the murderer or murderers, and with the excitement and indignation which is now tingling in their veins, there is but little doubt that if any capture is made, there will be summary justice dealt out. They have suspicions based on certain indications which they deem reliable, that more than one was concerned in the murder. It is quite currently surmised by those who have studied closely all the accessible details that the deed was done by tramps, who entered the barn and becoming angered because the man would not give them either money, food or lodging, had attacked him, and that after they had found that he was determined to defend himself by the club,

SHOT HIM DOWN

like a dog, and fled. As to how far these suspicions will be verified, time only can show. It is not known that the deceased had an enemy in the world, and no other solution of the mystery seems at present to be accepted. It is in this belief the citizens have turned out for hunting down the villains, and they are to-day scouring the country, far and near, sending bloodhounds out to follow up every scent, and they hope to be able to

CAPTURE THE MURDERERS

before they have a chance to get very far away. If the deed was committed last evening, the murderers have several hours the start, and may possibly escape. The police authorities of various cities have been promptly notified by telegraph, and the utmost dispatch and energy is being shown to bring the doers of the deed to justice.

HUNTING FOR THE SON.

This morning the wife of the murdered man telegraphed her son in this city but he could no where be found. Soon after, some citizens in Monroe telegraphed J. Bauman of this city to find Frederick Ohm, Jr., and tell him that his father was murdered last night. The officers too received telegraphs and hunted to-day in vain for him. A later telegraph from Monroe stated that he was attending some school here, and later investigation showed that he was last winter attending Fellows' Commercial College but had not been there, for some time. The only trace found of him was that he got a letter out of the postoffice early this morning, and beyond this no one seems to know where he is.

TRACKS AND TRACES.

The fact that a man got on the train at Juda early this morning, without any ticket, but plenty of money, has caused some little excitement. He did not get off at the passenger depot, but stayed in the car until it reached the freight yard. He is said to have acted suspiciously, but in this time of excitement the imagination aids sometimes too greatly.

To-day in a rye-field near the house of the murdered man was found a piece where the grain had been trampled down, and where evidently some one had slept and ate, as pieces of bread were found scattered about.

BOATS AND BATS.

THE OAR.

The regatta of the Mississippi Valley Rowing Association, had a successful opening at Peoria yesterday afternoon. The races were all one mile and return. In the four oared shell race there were entered clubs from Burlington, Iowa, St. Louis, Moline, Illinois, Peoria, Illinois, Milwaukee, and Chicago. The Sylvas, of Moline,

won, the time being 13:12½. Peoria's second, Mitchells of Milwaukee, third. The senior double scull races were contested by oarsmen from St. Paul and from Riverdale, Ill. The former won over the second course in 14:42½. The six-oared barge race was contested by Peoria and Burlington, and was won by Peoria. The junior single sculls was won by J. R. Fleming of Moline, in 16:37½. A tub race closed the day's sport.

The Courtney-Dempsey single scull race at Seneca Lake, N. Y., yesterday, was declared off, Courtney being thrown into the water by his oar catching in a wire, which he claimed was set purposely to entrap him.

BASE BALL.

At Providence yesterday, the home nine defeated the Indianapolis by 9 to 3. At Lowell yesterday, the Cincinnati were defeated by the Lowell 5 to 4.

ANOTHER VICTIM.

A Young Telegraph Student Finds a Watery Grave in Rock River—The Result of the Inquest.

Death claimed another victim by drowning last night. About eight o'clock a party of students, connected with the Telegraph Institute, went up the river to a point just south of what is known as Greenland, about half a mile from the city, for the purpose of taking a bath. The party consisted of Henry Maus, of Rolling Stone, Minn.; Thomas M. Cully, of Princeville, Ill.; O. A. Fackbender, of Schoolcraft, Mich.; Preston Hough, of New Geneva, Penn.; and James Macabean, of New Brunswick. On reaching the spot, Macabean first went into the water, and after assuring the other young men that it was all right, and not as cold as they feared, Hough followed, and after a little, Maus and Fackbender went in. Cully was the last. After about ten minutes Maus was heard to cry out "Oh boys," and call for help. Fackbender at once went to him, and tried to grasp him as he sank, but Maus got hold of Fackbender's ankle, and the latter could not move. As neither of them could swim but little, it was the merest chance that both were not drowned, but Fackbender, by a desperate kick, managed to free himself from Maus' drowning grasp, and came to the surface. He was so exhausted that he could hardly keep his head above water, and could not of himself have got to shore much less have brought Maus with him. Hough in the meantime had swam out about thirty yards and turned to come back as he heard some moans. He saw Fackbender as he went down after Maus, and hurried over the twenty feet space between them, and reaching Fackbender as he rose, held him up and pushed him toward shore. Macabean in the meantime had hurried ashore and partly dressed, and as Fackbender was brought toward land, he reached out toward him the limb of a tree, which he clutched and was pulled ashore. Hough, as soon as he saw Fackbender safe, turned about and commenced diving for Maus, but could not find him. By diving he found that in some places the water was only about six feet deep, but that there were sink holes in which the water was nearly three feet deep, and there was such a strong under-current that after diving in vain nine times he found himself completely exhausted. There was another party of swimmers up the river a few rods, and the young man called to those for help, as Hough was the only one of their own party who was sufficiently used to the water, to venture after the body, and he was completely tired out. The other party who heard the cry for help thought the boys were yelling for fun, and several minutes past before they came to the rescue. They came down, and Charles Hilt went in several times with Hough, who had got a little rested, but they failed to find the body though, as afterwards appeared, they were at different times only from six to ten feet from it. Word was sent to the city for help, and soon boats, men and grappling irons came in abundance. The search was kept up until about half-past 11 o'clock when the body was recovered.

In one boat were Charles Hilt, Marshall Keating and William McCloskey. Hilt worked persistently with a spear trying to feel the body, and at last succeeded in bringing it up to the surface, but it dropped again. In another boat were John Williams, of the Doty works and E. P. Conklin. Williams also had a spear with which he worked. Finally Hilt found the body again, and held it until Williams could also get his spear into it, and together they pulled it to the surface. Hilt then pulled it to shore and it was taken to the Washington Engine House.

It was this morning viewed by a jury impaneled by Justice Pritchard and consisting of the following: W. B. Britton, J. W. Bates, Henry Blount, H. A. Osgood, A. Kaufman, A. P. Bennett. An inquest was held and a verdict found of accidental drowning.

The deceased, Henry Maus, was a young man about 21 years old, and has been a student at the Telegraph Institute for about five months past. He stood next to the head in his class, and was generally esteemed and respected by those who knew him.

His father and mother were notified by telegraph to-day of the sad occurrence.

THE ROUND TABLE.

"Vita sine litteris mors est."

We herewith present a summary of the year's work of this literary society. It has held sixteen meetings, and carried out the programme which was issued early in the fall. With the exception of two or three stormy evenings, the meetings have been largely attended, the average being above 80. On some occasions the room has been over crowded; and, if we can take numbers as an evidence of interest and prosperity, the Round Table certainly has good reason to feel that its labor has not been in vain. The intention of the Executive Committee was to present a programme of work which should give an opportunity for a thorough study in the Philosophy of Literature. No attempt has been made for mere entertainment. It is the belief of the founders of the organization that concentrated application to a single department of study is more useful than any amount of

salutary labor however expended. Hence the plan proposed by the Executive Committee has been strictly adhered to. The first four meetings were taken up with a discussion of Literature and its strict meaning in the literary sense. Under the general title of Form, or Structure, such subjects as Poetry, Prose, History, Fiction and Oratory were made the themes of study. The next four evenings were devoted to Imagination, Fancy, Wit and Humor in Literature. We believe these meetings were the most profitable in the course as serving to bring out the finest expression of thought, both in analysis and illustration.

The next four evenings were taken up in viewing the characteristics of literature and the material out of which it is constructed. Here an opportunity was given to study the details of literary architecture and to compare national peculiarities. The last four evenings were devoted to the study of Legendry, Mythical and Fairy Literature.

During this course some fifty prepared essays were presented, giving the result of mature and deliberate thought on the subject. With these for a basis the informal conversations which followed were marked by point and vigor. The earnestness with which contrary opinions were often advocated, gave zest and life to the meetings, and served to fulfill the intention of the founders of the Society. We are under special obligations to all the friends who have so faithfully and promptly attended upon the meetings, and to those who have given time and labor in the preparation of work. Our warmest thanks are also due to Prof. Anderson for his most scholarly and interesting discussion of Norse Mythology, at our last meeting.

We would at this time also express our sorrow at the loss of our estimable President, Rev. George Wallace. His faithfulness, zeal, and his wide and varied literary acquisitions and talent made him a most valuable member and efficient officer, and we trust that in his new field of labor he may be as well appreciated as here.

The Round Table will begin its next session early in the fall, and we bespeak for it, the same hearty cooperation that it has enjoyed in the past. Its genuine cosmopolitan character, and the work in which it is engaged, makes its claim upon all who care for thorough, permanent, and systematic life in letters, well deserved.

T. P. SAWIN, President.

"Noses Have They, But They Smell Not"

Among the lower orders, bad smells are little heeded; in fact, "noses have they, but they smell not" but, to the refined and educated, a pleasant odor, emanating from a well dressed person, produces feelings of pleasure and delight. The fragrance of Dr. Price's Unique Perfumes produces an influence that is captivating and delightful.

CITY NOTICES.

—Family Bibles, Teachers' Bibles, Bibles for scholars. Call and take a look at the elegant assortment now on exhibition at Sutherland's bookstore.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Ladies and Gents will always find the nicest and cheapest Box and Staple Stationery in the city and Sutherland's Bookstore, No 29 Main Street.

Travelers often wonder why their fellow-travelers are so fond in their praise of the Colonnade Hotel, Philadelphia, but, after a visit themselves, they are satisfied of its famous excellence.

Time is money, but health is happiness. If you have a bad Cold or Cough use Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup, it will cure you, 25 cents a bottle, large size 50 cents. Sold by E. B. Heimstreet.

Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup has eminently proved to be a safe, reliable, and cheap remedy for Coughs, Colds, etc. Try it. Price only 25 cents a bottle. Sold by E. B. Heimstreet.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House New York City.

The Swiss Insurance Agency.

Dimock & Hayner are agents for the oldest and strongest American Capitalist Fire Insurance Companies. Among the list are such companies as the Old Etna and Phoenix, of Hartford, the Home, Continental and Westchester, of New York, the Insurance Company of North America, Fire Association, Girard, American, Pennsylvania, and Franklin, of Philadelphia. The Liverpool and London and Globe, Imperial and Northern, and Commercial Union of England, and the Western Assurance and British America, of Canada, and others.

You can now get insurance in the above well known companies at the lowest possible figures. This being the case it would seem useless to throw away money upon wretched and unknown companies. Get the best at the best rates.

Liver is King.

The Liver is the imperial organ of the whole human system, as it controls the life, health and happiness of man. When it is disturbed in its proper action, all kinds of ailments are the natural result. The digestion of food, the movements of the heart and blood, the action of the brain and nervous system, are all immediately connected with the workings of the Liver. It has been successfully proved that Green's August Flower is unequalled in curing all persons afflicted with Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint, and all the numerous symptoms that result from an unhealthy condition of the Liver and Stomach. Sample bottles to try, 10 cents. Positively sold in all towns on the Western Continent. Three doses will prove that it is just what you want.

Womanly Elegance and Grace.

There are few among our fair readers who would not gladly possess the rosy complexion, the beautiful form, the cheerfulness and elasticity of spirits, that good health always imparts. Parker's Ginger Tonic will restore these feminine attributes to thousands whose shattered constitutions are due to functional derangement. It radically cures Dyspepsia, gives tone to the enfeebled organs, dissipates Headache, Neuralgia and Nervousness, relieves painful Periods, and safely establishes regularity of the female functions. It soothes the nerves, imparts ease and strength to motherhood, and through the milk to their nursing babies, prevents the Nausea and Constipation peculiar to lactation in a delicate condition, and greatly relieves the sufferings of this period. It acts like a charm on the digestive machinery, speedily counteracts the weakening effects on the bowels of excessive heat, injudicious diet, or impure water, and is warranted to cure the worst forms of Colic, Cramps, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Cholera Infantum, and even Asiatic Cholera if taken in time. Buy a

\$100 bottle of your druggist, A. J. Roberts, or a sample bottle at 15 cents, and test its extraordinary merits.

COMMERCIAL.

JANESVILLE MARKET.

REPORTED FOR THE GAZETTE BY RUMP & GRAY

GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, June 20.

The receipts for all kinds of grain during the past week have been very light.

Receipts of grain continue light and the market rules steady, at the following quotations:

Flour—Patent \$2.00 per sack; Minnesota \$1.40 per sack; Wisconsin \$1.40 per sack.

Backward Flour \$2.50 per 100 lbs.

Rye Flour—\$2.00 per 100 lbs.

Wheat—Good to best milling spring 80¢ per bushel; 70¢ per bushel.

Backward wheat 40¢ per bushel according to quality and condition.

Rye—in good request at 47¢ per bushel.

Barley—Choice samples at 30¢ per 50 lbs; common to fair quality 20¢ per 50 lbs.

Corn—new shelled per 60 lbs, 30¢ per 100 lbs; new ear 25¢ per 100 lbs.

Oats—good local and shipping demand at 15¢ per bushel.

Beans—at 75¢ per 100 lbs; per bushel.

Brans—50¢ per 100; 10¢ per ton; Buckwheat per ton \$7.00.

Meal—coarse, 80¢ per 100; bolted \$2.00 per 100.

MIDDLINGS—50¢ per 100 lbs. Ton \$20.

GROUND FEED—50¢ per 100 lbs. Ton \$20.

Timothy Seed—70¢ per 100 for 40 lbs according to quality.

Clover Seed—dull at \$3.50 per bushel.

Potatoes—Peach Blooms, 40¢ per bushel.

Other varieties 30¢ per bushel.

Butter—good demand at 10¢ per lb.

Eggs—plenty at 25¢ per doz.

HOGS—Green, 50¢ per 100; Dry, 15¢ per 100.

Wool ranges at 25¢ per lb; 5¢ off for unwashed.

WATER PAILS—Range at 10¢ per 100.

Dressed Hogs—sell to butchers at 30¢ per 100 lbs for light and heavy.

LIVE STOCK—Cattle \$3.00 per 100 lbs; Hogs 25¢ per 100 lbs.

Poultry—Turkey, 60¢; Chickens 50¢.

MILWAUKEE GRAIN MARKET.

MILWAUKEE, June 19.

Flour—Quiet but steady.

Wheat—Firm; opened 4¢ higher; but closed steady.

No 1 Milwaukee hard 1.05¢; No 2 Milwaukee 95¢; No 3 Milwaukee 90¢.

August 85¢; No 3 Milwaukee at 55¢.

CORN—No 2 35¢; No 3 30¢.

OATS—No 2 24¢.

RYE—No 1 50¢.

BARLEY—No 2 30¢; No 3 25¢.

PORK—moss 9 25¢ cash.

LARD—prime steam 6 75¢.

CATTLE—Range at 12¢ to 15¢ according to quality and grade.

DRESSED HOGS—3 75¢.

SHEEP—Range at 3 50 to 4 00 according to condition and weight.

SEEDS—Timothy 1 05¢; 1 15¢; Sax 1 22¢; clover 4 20.

BEANS—1 60.

BUTTER—Range from 12¢ to 14¢.

EGGS—9 25¢ fresh.

CHEESE—7 50¢.

HONEY—for comb, 15¢; for strained, 9¢.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, June 19.

During the afternoon the markets were well attended, and there was a fair amount of trading.

No 2 Spring wheat in moderate demand, seller June closing with buyers at 95¢.

Seller July sold at 92¢ to 94¢, and closed with buyers at 93¢.

Seller August sold at 85¢ to 86¢, and closed with buyers at 86¢.

Flour—the sales on Wednesday, amounted to 150 barrels of white winter extras; 1,375 barrels of spring extras; 25 barrels of spring superfine, and barrels of Rye. The inquiry was larger than usual, but the principal buyers were again local dealers, and the market was rather quiet.

CORN—36¢ cash.

OATS—24¢ cash.

RYE—No 2, 50¢.

BARLEY—New No 2 45¢.

PORK—cash 9 25¢.

LARD—cash 6 50¢.

LIVE HOGS—3 75¢ to 4 00 according to grade.

WHEAT—1 05¢.

HOES—3 50¢.

HONEY—70¢.

SUGAR—Granulated, 10¢; Standard 9 25¢.

A 9 25¢.

CHEESE—7 50¢ to 8 00¢ according to quality.

EGGS—Fresh 11 25¢.

BUTTER—17 25¢ to 18 25¢ according to quality.

POULTRY—turkeys 7 25¢; chickens at 2 50¢ to 2 75¢ per dozen.

TALLOW—6 25¢; No 1.

BEANS—Good medium 1 00¢ to 1 15¢ per bushel; and rays 1 80¢ to 1 85¢.

BROOM CORN—5 25¢ to 5 50¢, according to quality.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese, 42¢; live duck, 25¢.

WOOL—Washed 30¢; unwashed 22¢; tub washed, fair to good, 35¢.

NEW YORK GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 19.

Flour—More demand for low and medium grades.

3,200 barrels clear Minnesota at 4 30¢ to 4 50¢; for export, and 4 50¢ to 5 25¢ for trade; 1,300 barrels of straight do at 4 35¢ for whole range, part for export; 300 barrels patent at 5 50¢ to 5 70¢; western winter wheat flour at 4 10¢ to 4 25¢. Rye flour, more doing at old rates.

Wheat—Opened higher for No 2 red, at 1 14¢; do July at 1 10¢; spring wheat held higher but bid less; on change options were extremely dull at 1 07¢ to 1 11¢; for No 2 spring June; spot wheat extremely dull, except No 2 Minnesota, at 1 06¢ to 1 07¢; northwestern at 1 07¢; No 2 Chicago 1 07¢. At last call buyers and sellers were too far apart to do anything.